Health Information

Infants and children who drink water containing lead in excess of the action level could experience delays in their physical or mental development. Children could show slight deficits in attention span and learning abilities. Adults who drink this water over many years could develop kidney problems or high blood pressure.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-comprised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

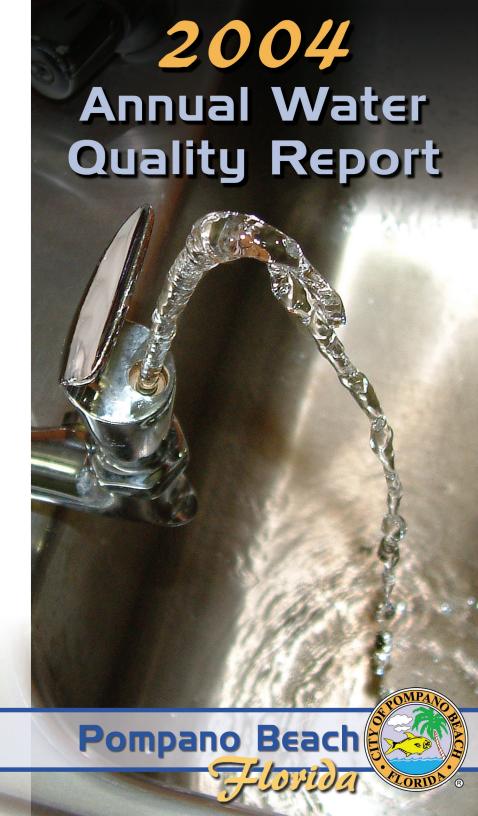


Additional Information

If you have any question about this report or your water quality, please contact A. Randolph Brown, Utilities Director at (954) 786-4186, 1201 N.E. 5th Avenue, Pompano Beach, Florida 33060. Also, the City of Pompano Beach Commission conducts regular meetings on the 2nd and 4th Tuesday of every month at 7:00 p.m. To receive meeting schedules and agendas, contact City Hall at (954) 786-4600 or visit www.mypompanobeach.org.



www.mypompanobeach.org





Dear Customers:

This Annual 2004 Water Quality Report contains the water quality results for your drinking water. Except where indicated otherwise, this report is based on the results of our monitoring for the period January 1, 2004 to December 31, 2004. With over 80 compounds tested, as required by the Environmental Protection Agency, as well as local and state agencies, the compounds listed are the only regulated compounds detected in the drinking water. Seventeen out of the eighteen compounds listed were below the Federal Action Limits. This report is our "report card" and our commitment to you to continue to provide safe, high quality water you can depend on. We will continue to optimize the quality of the water and use the best technology possible to provide you with the best quality water.

Where Does our Water Come From?

Like most cities in South Florida, Pompano Beach draws its water from the Biscayne Aquifer. This aquifer is an underground geologic formation where water is stored. This aguifer extends from a few feet to approximately 200 feet below the land surface. The water is pumped from the aquifer to the land surface at two wellfield sites and is transported to the water treatment plant. At the plant, the water is membrane/lime softened, filtered, fluoridated and disinfected prior to entering the water distribution system.

Definitions of Terms in Table

In the Table, you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

- AL: Action Level. The concentration of a contaminant that, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.
- MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level. The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal. The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- ND: Not Detected. Indicates that the substance was not found by laboratory analysis.
- PPM: Parts per million.
- PPB: Parts per billion.
- PCi/L: Picocurie per Liter, a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Water Quality Table

		R	adiol	o <mark>gica</mark> l	Co	ntar	ninants
Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Alpha Emmitters (pCi/L)	Apr/2004	N	ND	NA	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Combined Radium (pCi/L)	Apr/2004	N	0.5	NA	0	5*	Erosion of natural deposits

Measurement	Sampling (mo./yr.)	Violation Y/N	Detected	Results			
Alpha Emmitters	Apr/2004	N	ND	NA	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
(pCi/L) combined Radium (pCi/L)	Apr/2004	N	0.5	NA	0	5*	Erosion of natural deposits
ombined Radium 2	226 and Radiu	ım 228					A of the beginning a pattern of the beginning and the beginning an
			Inorg	anic C	ont	ami	nants
Contaminant and Unit of leasurement	Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
rsenic (ppb)	Apr/2004	N	2.5	NA	0	10	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards
arium (ppm)	Apr/2004	N	0.0041	NA	2	2	Runoff from glass and electronics wastes. Discharge of drilling wastes: Discharge from
eryllium (ppb)	Apr/2004	N	0.48	NA	4	4	metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits. Discharge from metal refineries and coal burning factories; Discharge from electrical, aerospace,
admium (ppb)	Apr/2004	N	0.00031	NA	5	5	and defense industries. Corrosion of galvanized pipes; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from metal refineries;
luoride (ppm)	Apr/2004	N	0.7	NA	4	4	runoff from waste batteries and paints. Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer
itrate (ppm)	Apr/2004	N	0.34	NA	10	10	and aluminum factories. Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic
as Nitrogen) lercury (ppb)	Apr/2004	N	0.045	NA	NA	2	tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits. Erosion of natural deposits: Discharge from refineries and factories; Runoff from land-fills;
odium (ppm)	Apr/2004	N	25	NA	NA	160	Runoff from cropland. Saltwater intrusion; leaching from soil.
		antenen massi	Orga	anic C		emin	日本中国的日本中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国
	Dates of	MCL	Level	Range of	MCLG		Likely Source of Contamination
and Unit of	Sampling '	Violation	Detected	Results			
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004	Violation Y/N N N D⊓∈ E	0.49 Disinfo	Results NA Ection			Discharge from pharmaceutical and chemical factories Ection Byproducts 5, and Chloramines)
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling	Violation Y/N N One Cotal Trib MCL	0.49 Disinfonalometha	Results NA Ection	/Dis	sinfe	ection Byproducts
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to	Violation Y/N N One E otal Trih MCL Violation Y/N	0.49 Disinfonalometha	NA CCTION anes, Halo	/Dis	s inf e c Acids	ection Byproducts and Chloramines)
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 to	N N N N N N N N N N N N N	0.49 Disinfonalomethe Level Detected	NA ECTION anes, Halo Range of Results	/ Dis	S inf e c Acids MCL	Ection Byproducts s, and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb) AA5 (ppb) hloramines	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Cage C (To Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to Dec/2004	Violation Y/N N N DIE L Datal Trih MCL Violation Y/N O N N	0.49 Disinfonalometha Level Detected 30.8	Results NA Ection anes, Halo Range of Results 17.2-33.7	/ Dispacetion	Sinfe c Acids MCL	Ection Byproducts and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination By-product of drinking water disinfection.
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb) AA5 (ppb)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004	Violation Y/N N DITE L DITE L DITE L OTHER OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L	Detected 0.49 Disinft Level Detected 30.8 11.0 NA	Results NA Ection anes, Hald Range of Results 17.2-33.7 5.7-18.4 0.94-4.01	NA NA NA	MCL 100 60 4.0	Ection Byproducts and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb) AA5 (ppb) hloramines (ppm)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004	Violation Y/N N DITE L DITE L DITE L OTHER OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L OTHER L	Detected 0.49 Disinft Level Detected 30.8 11.0 NA	Results NA Ection anes. Halo Range of Results 17.2-33.7 5.7-18.4	NA NA NA	MCL 100 60 4.0	Ection Byproducts s, and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination By-product of drinking water disinfection. By-product of drinking water disinfection
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb) AA5 (ppb) hloramines (ppm)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004	Violation Y/N N DITE I Datal Trill MCL Violation Y/N N N N N N N N N MCL	Detected 0.49 Disinfunation that Level Detected 30.8 11.0 NA 90th Percentile	Results NA Ection anes. Halo Range of Results 17.2-33.7 5.7-18.4 0.94-4.01	NA NA NA	MCL 100 60 4.0	Ection Byproducts and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination By-product of drinking water disinfection
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb) AA5 (ppb) hloramines (ppm) Contaminant and Unit of leasurement ITHM (ppb)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.)	Violation Y/N N Dine I otal Trih MCL Violation Y/N N N N N MCL Violation Y/N MCL Violation Y/N	Detected 0.49 Disinfinalomethal Level Detected 30.8 11.0 NA	Results NA Ection anes, Halc Range of Results 17.2-33.7 5.7-18.4 0.94-4.01 d Cop	NA NA NA	MCL 100 60 4.0	chemical factories Ection Byproducts 5, and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection PWater) Likely Source of Contamination Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood
and Unit of leasurement iichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb) AA5 (ppb) hloramines (ppm) Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Apr/2004 Cage C To Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.)	Violation Y/N N One L otal Trit MCL Violation Y/N N N MCL Violation Y/N N MCL Violation Y/N N MCL Violation Y/N N	Detected 0.49 Disinformalometh. Level Detected 30.8 11.0 NA 90th Percentile Result 0.13	Results NA CCTION Range of Results 17.2-33.7 5.7-18.4 0.94-4.01 COP Range of Results	MCLG NA NA NA NA NA 1.3	Sinfe Acids MCL 100 60 4.0 (Ta	Ection Byproducts and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination By-product of drinking water disinfection. By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection Corrosion of household plumbing systems: erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems: erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.
and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb) IAA5 (ppb) IAA5 (ppb) Contaminant and Unit of leasurement Copper (ppm)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Van/2004 to Dec/2004 Peb/2004 to Dec/2004 Nov/2004 to Dec/2004 Nov/2004 to Dec/2004	Violation Y/N N One L otal Trit MCL Violation Y/N N N MCL Violation Y/N N MCL Violation Y/N N MCL Violation Y/N N	Detected 0.49 Disinformalometh. Level Detected 30.8 11.0 NA 90th Percentile Result 0.13	Results NA Ection anes. Halc Range of Results 17.2-33.7 5.7-18.4 0.94-4.01 d Cop Range of Results 0.0024-0.19	MCLG NA NA NA NA NA 1.3	100 60 4.0 MCL	chemical factories Ection Byproducts 5, and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination By-product of drinking water disinfection. By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection PWater) Likely Source of Contamination Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems; crosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems;
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and Unit of leasurement ichloromethane (ppb) St Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb) AA5 (ppb) hloramines (ppm) Contaminant and Unit of leasurement Copper (ppm)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Feb/2004 to Apr/2004 Nov/2004 to Apr/2004 Feb/2004 to Apr/2004 to Apr/2004 to Apr/2004	Violation Y/N N DINE L Dotal Tril MCL Violation Y/N O N O N O N O N O N O N O N O N O N O	Detected 0.49 Disinfunational methods 11.0 NA 90th Percentile Result 0.13 0.049 28 10	Results NA Ection anes, Halo Range of Results 17.2-33.7 5.7-18.4 0.94-4.01 d Cop Range of Results 0.0024-0.19 ND-780 ND-780	NA NA NA NA NA S 1.3 S 1	5infc Acids MCL 100 60 4.0 1.3 1.3 15	chemical factories Ection Buproducts s, and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination By-product of drinking water disinfection. By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection P Water) Likely Source of Contamination Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.
Contaminant and Unit of leasurement THM (ppb) IAA5 (ppb) Ihloramines (ppm) Contaminant and Unit of leasurement Copper (ppm) Copper (ppm) Lead (ppb) Lead (ppb)	Sampling (mo./yr.) Apr/2004 Apr/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Jan/2004 to Dec/2004 Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Dates of Sampling (mo./yr.) Feb/2004 to Apr/2004 Nov/2004 to Apr/2004 Feb/2004 to Apr/2004 to Apr/2004 to Apr/2004	Violation Y/N N One L otal Tril MCL Violation Y/N O N O N C N N MCL Violation Y/N N N N MCL MCL MCL MCL MCL MCL	Detected 0.49 Disinfonation Level Detected 30.8 11.0 NA 90th Percentile Result 0.13 0.049 10 Crobic Highest Mo	Results NA Ection anes, Hale Range of Results 17.2-33.7 5.7-18.4 0.94-4.01 Cop Range of Results 0.0024-0.19 ND -780 ND -200 Diogical Control of C	NA NA NA NA NA S 1.3 S 1	5infc Acids MCL 100 60 4.0 1.3 1.3 15	chemical factories Ection Byproducts 5, and Chloramines) Likely Source of Contamination By-product of drinking water disinfection. By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection By-product of drinking water disinfection P Water) Likely Source of Contamination Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits, erosion of natural deposits.

⁺ for the Nov/2004 to Apr/2004 event. Zero (0) out of 64 homes exceeded the AL for Copper. Four (4) out of 64 homes exceeded the AL for Lead

Why are Contaminants in Drinking Water?

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.

 Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential areas.

@ Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations, which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

